

Germans Capture Polish Town; Take 10,000 Prisoners

captured in the battles of February 21 and 22.

The dispatch said:

"On the West Galician front our advance detachment wrested from the Russians several points of support to the east of Grybow, 500 men being taken prisoner and six machine guns. The attacks of our troops in the light south of the Dniester progressed successfully.

"In the night of February 21 and 22 ten officers and 3,338 men were taken prisoners.

"In Bukovina all is quiet."

NEWS FROM BATTLEFIELDS

OF PARLIAMENT IMPORTANCE

LONDON, February 25 (11 P. M.).—Diplomatic questions, including the American note regarding foodstuffs for the civil population of the belligerent countries, and the possible entry of Italy and Rumania into the war, divided attention to-day with news from the battlefields, which, in military circles, is considered of paramount importance. Battles of immense magnitude are developing along the eastern front, and both the Germans and Austrians claim successes at several points, while the British and the Russians have advanced slightly nearer the Istra and Rawka Rivers. Comparative calm seems to again prevail on the western front.

The American note, the contents of which remain secret, but which in general seeks to bring about an understanding regarding the war zone, is being discussed by Germany and the shipment of foodstuffs to the civil population of the belligerent countries was considered at a meeting of the Cabinet to-day. No intimation as to the official attitude towards it has been obtained.

Press and public, however, on the supposition that President Wilson has suggested that Great Britain should not carry out her threat to place an embargo on foodstuffs for Germany, and that, in return, Germany should enforce her submarine blockade against the British Isles, already have expressed their disapproval of acceptance of such a proposition.

While eight British ships have been destroyed in the week that the blockade has been in force, it is pointed out that they are for the most part small vessels, and that most of them, instead of having food for this country, either were in ballast or carrying coal or other freight for neutral countries.

MAY EMBOLDEN GERMANY

WITH NEUTRAL COUNTRIES

It is believed here, also, that the destruction of neutral ships and cargoes will embolden Germany with neutral countries, and that, in the long run, the losses the allies suffer will be more than offset by the anger aroused on the part of the neutrals and the possible refusal of countries, such as the United States, to allow goods to be shipped from their ports to Germany.

Military experts are keeping their eyes on operations along the eastern front. The Germans, apparently having found the Russian frontier too strong for them, are attempting to make their way to Warsaw from the northwest, and starting from Mlawka, which has been the base of several previous offensive operations, have penetrated as far as Przasnysz. They claim to have captured there 10,000 prisoners and much war material.

The Germans also claim to have had successes in Northern Poland, so that they must be in strong force in that territory.

On the Istra and Rawka Rivers, direct attacks of the Germans, from which they made desperate attempts to reach that city, the Russians are on the offensive, and, according to the German reports, have made a slight advance in the vicinity of Bolimow.

In Western Galicia and along the Carpathian ranges, battles are still being fought without any slackening, and, hence, through Eastern Galicia and Bukovina, the Russian and Austro-German forces are fighting stubbornly.

BATTLE LINES UNDER MOST UNFAVORABLE CONDITIONS

In this part of the war, the armies are contesting every foot of ground under the most unfavorable conditions, men, horses and guns sinking deep in mud.

The armies in the west face the same difficulties, and, as far as the allies are concerned, they are confining themselves to a bombardment of German positions along the coast, and to offensive operations in the Champagne, the Argonne, on the heights of the Meuse, and in the Vosges, where, on the higher ground, they are not so easily affected by the mud.

There has been further contact between the Russians and the Turks in the Caucasus, where both claim to have been successful.

Reports of the sinking of two more small British steamers near the English coast were received to-day, but whether the vessels fell victims to torpedoes from German submarines or to mines has not been determined. The *Deirdre* was sunk early yesterday in the North Sea off Scarborough, with the loss of her captain. The fifteen other crew members, however, were landed at South Shields early today.

The steaming *Western Coast* has been sunk in the English Channel off Beachy Head. The crew was landed at Portsmouth to-day.

BLOCKADE OF COAST OF GERMAN EAST AFRICA

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 25.—Formal announcement was made at the State Department to-day of Great Britain's decision to declare a blockade of the coast of German East Africa as from midnight, February 25.

The announcement said:

"The British ambassador at this capital has formed the Government of State that his government has decided to declare a blockade of the coast of German East Africa, as from midnight, February 25. This blockade extends along the whole coast, including islands—that is, from latitude 1 degree 41 minutes south, to latitude 10 degrees 41 minutes south. Four days' grace from the time of institution of the blockade being given for the departure of neutral vessels from the blockaded area."

INTERNED GERMAN ENDS LIFE

BONOLLE, February 25.—Walter Brandt, paymaster of the German gunboat *Geler*, interned here, committed suicide last night. The fact that he was unable to rejoin his family or the colors is believed to have preyed on his mind.

CONTEND FRANK SHOULD BE FREED FROM CUSTODY

Prisoner's Lawyer Argues Because of Mob Violence Trial Court Lost Jurisdiction.

CASE BEFORE SUPREME COURT

Justices Manifest Interest by Their Questions to Counsel—Representatives of State of Georgia Will Be Given Hearing To-Day.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—Contending that the trial court which found Leo M. Frank guilty of the murder of Mary Phagan, the Atlanta factory girl, had lost its jurisdiction over the prisoner because of mob violence tolerated during the trial, and because of the consequent absence of the prisoner from the court upon the "coercion" of the trial judge when the verdict was rendered, attorneys for Frank to-day argued before the Supreme Court of the United States that he should be freed from custody. Louis Marshall, of New York, began the opening argument in the case, and will continue it to-morrow, when the representatives of the State of Georgia also will be heard.

The court was considering the appeal from the action of the Federal District Court for Northern Georgia in denying Frank's release from custody in which he was placed for the execution of the death sentence imposed by the trial court.

STATEMENT QUESTIONED BY CHIEF JUSTICE WHITE

Mr. Marshall first stated the effect upon the jurisdiction of the court of Frank's absence when the verdict was rendered. His statement that Judge Roan, of the trial court, coerced Frank into being absent was questioned by Chief Justice White. Mr. Marshall declared the suggestion by the trial judge that Frank's life and limb and those of his counsel might be in danger if they attended, amounted to coercion.

The attorney sought to establish that the right to be present at one's trial was one that could not be denied. "We have held that a court may abolish a trial by jury, and I do not see why a State may not abolish one of the incidents to a jury trial," interrupted Justice Pitney. "The decisions you cite refer to Federal cases."

Chief Justice White also asked questions along that line. Mr. Marshall replied it was a question of due process of law, and while the fifth amendment to the Constitution guaranteed due process in Federal cases, the guarantee of due process in State cases in the fourteenth amendment was the same in effect. He contended that while a State might abolish a trial by jury, it could not abolish the right to be present at whatever kind of trial was provided, because of "due process."

In the closing moments of the session, Mr. Marshall took up the point of mob violence.

"I am free to confess that point is one that impresses me very much," volunteered Justice Holmes as the attorney began his argument.

JEERS FOR COUNSEL WHEN THEY LOST POINT

This court has said that there must be a trial before a competent tribunal," began the attorney. "A competent tribunal is one that holds the scales of justice impartially, that is not swayed by fear or favor. Here the trial was marked by prejudice and hostility. There, jeers at counsel for Frank were permitted when they lost a point. The crowd almost trespassed upon the jury box, hanging over the jury box, and their whistles were heard throughout the courtroom. Applause greeted the solicitor-general when he appeared at the seat of justice, and then the judge held a conference in the presence of the jury with the chief of police and a commanding officer of the State militia. That was a demonstration that probably had no parallel in the history of trials."

Finally, the court asked counsel to tell him in private conference, and then, upon the insistence of the court that the prisoner might be torn from the sanctuary of the court, and lynched by a mob if he was present when the verdict was returned, counsel consented to his being absent. The jury was left to turn its verdict to the prosecuting officer and the mob. They knew what that meant."

Justice Pitney inquired if the Georgia Supreme Court had not passed upon all these facts, whereupon Justice Holmes asked if Mr. Marshall did not mean that if those were facts, it did not matter if twenty courts had passed upon them.

FOR MONTICELLO PURCHASE

President Wilson Favors Passage of Pending Resolution.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—President Wilson sent a letter to-day to Senator Kern and Representative Underwood favoring passage of the pending resolution for purchase of Monticello, the home of Thomas Jefferson. It follows:

"I am told that there is a resolution now pending before both houses of Congress for the purchase of Monticello, the home of Mr. Jefferson, and that back of it lies a very strong sentiment in both houses. Certainly my own interest in it is very deep and very sincere."

"I most earnestly hope that there will be some interval in the business of Congress which can be used for the passage of this most interesting piece of legislation, which, I think, will meet the approval of the whole nation."

MISS JONES TO WED

Daughter of Virginia Congressman Will Become Bride of Lieutenant Hopkins.

[Special to the Times-Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, February 25.—Representative and Mrs. William A. Jones, of Virginia, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Anne Seymour Jones, to Lieutenant S. Edgar Hopkins, Third Field Artillery, United States Army, now stationed at Fort Meyer.

The announcement was made at a luncheon to-day to a number of close friends, through the happy medium of Miss Jones, who was the guest of honor. The bride, of course, gave the secret away, and the prospective bride was overwhelmed with congratulations and good wishes.

WHAT WARRING NATIONS CLAIM IN THEIR OFFICIAL STATEMENTS

French

PARIS, February 25 (via London).—The War Office to-day issued this statement:

"Near Lombardeyde our artillery demolished a blockhouse and some of the enemy's lookouts."

"In Champagne we have maintained the new positions we won yesterday. All the enemy's counter-attacks were repulsed. Our aviators threw sixty bombs on railway stations, trains and concentrations of the enemy. This bombardment was very effective."

"In the Argonne, at Marie Therese, the enemy made an attack, which immediately was checked."

"Between the Argonne and the Meuse, in the Cheppy wood, we made further progress. Our heavy artillery destroyed armored shelters. The enemy was unable to retake trenches captured by us."

"In Lorraine, near Parroy, there was a skirmish between patrols, the Germans being put to flight."

"The War Office to-day issued the following communication:

"In the region of Lombardeyde our artillery has reduced to silence and severely damaged a battery of the enemy."

"The day has been relatively calm on the front from the Lys as far as the Champagne district. In the region of Soissons and Reims our operations continued under conditions favorable for us."

"Notably, we have captured a German work to the north of Meuse, inflicted heavy losses on and dispersed by our fire a column on the march to the southeast of Tulle, silenced the fire of a hostile battery and blown up several caissons."

"In the Argonne, on the little stream of Meurissons, near Four de Paris, we destroyed a blockhouse."

"At Marie Therese a German attack, in an attempt to debouch, was repelled by our fire."

German

BERLIN, February 25 (via London).—The town of Przasnysz, Russian Poland, yesterday was taken by storm by German forces, according to official announcement to-day. The Germans captured 10,000 Russian prisoners. The report is dated February 25. It follows:

"In the west: In Champagne the enemy yesterday continued his desperate efforts, which, in spite of the strong forces engaged, were again absolutely without success. Otherwise, there has been nothing of importance on the western front."

"In the east: The engagements on the Meuse, Bobr and Narew Rivers continue. The town of Przasnysz, in Russian Poland, which had been extensively fortified, was stormed yesterday by the East Prussian reserves. After a stubborn fight we were victorious, capturing more than 10,000 prisoners, over twenty cannons, a large number of machine guns and a very large amount of war material."

Austrian

VIENNA, February 25 (via London, 11:20 P. M.).—The official statement issued to-night by the Austrian War Office says:

"In Russian Poland no change has occurred. On the West Galician front an Austrian detachment captured from the Russians several points of support, 550 prisoners and six machine guns."

"In the Carpathians the general situation is unchanged, the operations still being hampered by the heavy snowfall."

"The attacks by our troops south of the Dniester are progressing favorably."

"During the battles on February 21 and 22 ten officers and 3,338 men were made prisoners."

"In Bukovina calm prevails."

Wagon Loads of Stolen Goods Are Recovered

John Harris Confesses to Three Burglaries, and Is Suspected of Others.

TOOK GROCERIES FROM STORES

Miscellaneous Assortment, Believed to Have Been Stolen, Carted to Police Headquarters—Silver Card Receiver and Camera in Lot.

More than \$500 worth of stolen property was recovered by Detective Sergeants Krenzel and Atkinson and Policeman Tomlinson last night when the officers arrested John Harris and Irene Holmes, both colored, in the former's home, 715 Norton Street. Harris confessed to three or more cases of house-breaking, while the Holmes woman is charged with receiving stolen property. The man and woman were arrested by the police during a card party which Harris was giving last night in his home, and were sent to the Second Police Station. A second trip of the patrol wagon had to be made in order to convey the large amount of the stolen property found in the house to Police Headquarters.

Harris is said to be the man who has been committing a number of robberies on "Sheep Hill," and the police have been endeavoring to apprehend him for some time. Several suspicious characters, suspected of the robberies, have been arrested, but for lack of evidence have been dismissed. Yesterday the detectives secured a clue which led them to believe that Harris was responsible for several of the robberies, and they went to his house last night, after making sure that he was there. The place was surrounded and the man easily taken, only one of the card players making a break for the door when the officers entered. He changed his mind about running in a few seconds when he bumped up against the muzzle of a .35-caliber pistol.

NEGRO IS SAID TO HAVE CONFESSIONED TO THREE ROBBERIES

One charge of burglary was entered against Harris by the police last night. The man is said to have confessed to Detective Krenzel and Atkinson and Policeman Tomlinson that he had scurried across the roofs of several houses which separated his house from that of Harry Cantor, 1242 Boyd Street, and scurried himself down from the roof to the sill of a second-story back window, managed to prize open the window and gain an entrance into the place. The family was away at the time, and when they returned it was discovered that their store had been stripped of groceries and canned goods. About \$50 worth of hams, shoulders, sugar and canned goods were stolen from this place on February 21. The police recovered a large portion of this property last night.

While this case is the latest in which the negro is said to have been involved, the largest was that committed on February 1, when he is alleged to have stolen more than \$250 worth of shirts, shirts, silk hose and socks, waists, blankets and bolt goods from the store of E. Bernstein, 1223 West Leigh Street. The negro confessed to this charge, and house-breaking last night, the police stated. He gained entrance into the place through a rear window. The officers recovered the greater portion of the property stolen from Bernstein at Harris' home last night.

The third robbery to which he confessed was that of M. Jubilek, 1111 More Street. This store was robbed of canned goods, cigars and groceries on the night of February 4. Entrance was effected through a front window after the glass had been broken. Much of the property stolen from this store was also recovered.

SEVERAL OTHER CHARGES MADE BY POLICE

Other places which the man is charged with breaking into and from which he is said to have stolen include W. J. Ross, 1400 West Broad Street, on February 13. He denied this robbery last night, and the theft of silk goods, sheets and apparel from Ross. The robbery of Kaminsky & Tavlin, 800 Moore Street, of hams, groceries and cigars is also attributed to Harris, although the negro denies the charge. So, too, is the robbery of A. Rockoff, 2101 Moore Street, where Harris is alleged to have stolen groceries and 400 pennies. Some of the goods was dropped in the alley by the robber, and was recovered the next day by detectives.

Several rooms in Police Headquarters last night appeared as though they were the storage rooms of a department store. The storeroom was filled with provisions and notions carted to the house by the police included seven hams, shoulders, suit cases, playing cards, gloves, silk hose and socks, silk shirts, ladies' neck, hair combs, eighteen lemons, sugar, horse supporters, fourteen bags of flour, soap, salt pork, skirtings, etc., and other articles of a miscellaneous description.

Among the articles recovered is a small silver cross engraved with the initials "H. C. C. 1905." The cross appears as though it might have been a pendant at one time and was later made into a stickpin and is about an inch and a quarter in length. Another article is a sterling silver card receiver which stands on its pedestal, about seven inches high. A bee is engraved in the center of the tray, while several other ornamental designs decorate the border. A camera was also found in the house by the police, and was taken to headquarters with the other property.

GERMAN EMBASSY IS SILENT ON CASE

WASHINGTON, February 25.—At the German embassy here it was said the ambassador, Count Bernstorff, who is in New York, and no one here was authorized to speak of the Stegler case. Officials of the State and Justice Departments and the White House were consistently silent.

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INTERCOLLEGIATE DEBATE

Randolph-Macon and Richmond College Discuss Minimum Wage Laws.

An intercollegiate debate was held at Richmond College last night between teams from Randolph-Macon and the local institution on the topic: "Resolved, that the States in the United States should adopt a minimum wage law for unskilled labor."

Randolph-Macon took the affirmative, the speakers being R. W. Truitt and J. E. Saunders. Richmond College took the negative side, the speakers being E. N. Gardner and G. N. Sutton.

The judges were Oliver J. Sands, president of the American National Bank, Speaker Edwin P. Cox, of the House of Delegates, and Dr. Pierce. The decision was rendered for the negative side.

After the debate, a reception was given the students of Westhampton and Richmond Colleges in honor of the debaters by the Mu Sigma Rho and Philologist Societies.

CHILD FALLS IN DOCK

Rescued by Negro Cart Driver, and Is Reunited.

Joseph Rothenberg, five years old, of 1210 East Franklin Street, fell into the dock at Twenty-seventh Street yesterday afternoon, and but for the fact that he was fished out by a negro cart driver who happened to be in the vicinity would have been drowned. As it was, he was nearly half-drowned when he was finally brought to land, and Ambulance Surgeon Walker found the greatest difficulty in saving his life. First aid was rendered on the spot, and the child was taken to Virginia Hospital for further treatment. He was still unconscious when he arrived at the hospital, but it was said early this morning that he had revived somewhat, and that he stood a fair chance for recovery.

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